

CM Revanth Reddy Inaugurates Sanathnagar Tims, Sets 2027 Deadline for 10,000 Beds

Hyderabad, Aug 17 (GNS): Chief Minister A. Revanth Reddy on Monday said the previous government only laid foundation stones for hospitals but never built them, while the Congress government had completed them after coming to power.

Inaugurating the Dr MCR Telangana Institute of Medical Sciences (Tims) at Sanathnagar, he said opposition parties had failed to complete the proposed Tims hospitals and the Warangal Super Speciality Hospital. The present government had taken up completion of Tims at Sanathnagar, LB Nagar and Alwal, besides the Warangal hospital, promising that one hospital would be completed every six months.

He announced that Osmania General Hospital, LB Nagar Tims, Alwal Tims and



the Warangal Super Speciality Hospital would be ready by December 9, 2027, adding that these projects would together provide about 10,000 beds.

The Chief Minister said each hospital would have a separate director and be managed on the lines of corporate hospitals. Funds would be sanctioned for facilities for attendants ac-

companying patients. He directed the health minister to frame a system of incentives for doctors who spend extra hours in government hospitals and perform more surgeries under Aarogyasri and the Chief Minister's Relief Fund (CMRF).

He said the move should encourage doctors to focus on government services rather than private prac-

tice. Pointing to the rising cost of private healthcare, he said Tims hospitals were being established to provide treatment to poor patients. Since coming to power, the government has spent 2,700 crore under Aarogyasri and 2,526 crore through the CMRF, taking total healthcare support for poor people to 5,226 crore.

Students' years being stolen, says Rahul as NTA orders UGC-NET re-exam for 3 subjects

New Delhi, Aug 17 (GNS): As the National Testing Agency (NTA) announced the re-examination for the UGC-NET papers for three subjects after multiple errors were found in the question papers, Lok Sabha Leader of Opposition (LoP) Rahul Gandhi on Monday took aim at the Central government and claimed that the years of the students are being stolen because of these examination irregularities.

Earlier on Sunday, the NTA announced that it will re-conduct the University Grants Commission-National Eligibility Test (UGC-NET) for English, Sociology and Commerce after several errors were found in the question papers. This added to the growing criticism over the testing agency's handling of



competitive exams. Rahul, in a post on X, said, "Modi ji, look at what your NTA has just done. UGC-NET exams for Sociology, English and Commerce were held between 22 and 30 June. Nearly two months later, NTA has cancelled all three because it set faulty papers and repeated old questions." "Thousands of candidates who prepared for years, filled forms, paid the fees, travelled to distant

centres, must now do it all again in September. NTA makes the mistake, but the student serves the sentence," he said.

The LoP recalled that during his Chhatron Ki Goonj programmes held in Kota, Dehradun and Prayagraj, he had stated that "this is no longer an education system", but an "extraction machine". "It takes your money, your years, your mental health,

and your confidence and returns nothing. Not even a job. NTA still won't answer the real question — were these papers leaked before the exam?" he said.

"Just like every other arm of the Modi government, NTA never says it's their fault. Just like every other compromised paper, I am absolutely sure there will be no accountability. Dhamendra Pradhan's resignation was the first step, not the last. NTA's leadership must be held accountable too," Gandhi stated. "To every student sitting this exam again in September you are not the problem. PM Modi built a system that cannot run an exam and then blames the students who take it. Your years are being stolen, and we will not stop until PM Modi answers for it," he added.

Jharkhand cancels JSSC-CGL exam after 24-Day student protest

Ranchi, Aug 17 (GNS): After 24 days of student protest in Jharkhand, the Hemant Soren government has accepted the agitators' biggest demand and decided to cancel the JSSC-CGL (Jharkhand Staff Selection Commission-Combined Graduate Level) examination held in 2024. All competitive examinations conducted in the state by the agency TDPL have also been cancelled. The decision was taken after a four-and-a-half-hour discussion at a special cabinet meeting chaired by Chief Minister Hemant Soren on Monday.

The Chief Minister announced the move while addressing the media after the meeting. He said the decision to cancel the 14th JPSC PT and backlog civil service examinations had already been taken during earlier talks with the



protesting students. The government has now ordered a comprehensive investigation into all recruitment examinations conducted by the JPSC and JSSC from 2014 to the present.

According to the Chief Minister, SIT (Special Investigation Team) and CID (Crime Investigation Department) probes into alleged irregularities in the JSSC-CGL examination have uncovered several shocking facts, including collusion between various agencies. In view of these findings, the exam is being cancelled. The investigation

will not remain limited to one examination. The government will examine the entire recruitment process from 2014 onwards to identify those responsible for the irregularities and take action against them.

A committee headed by IAS officer Amitabh Kaushal has been constituted to reform the examination system. The committee will study required changes and submit recommendations. The government has also invited suggestions from the public on exam reforms through an online portal.

BJP President Nitin Nabin unveils new team

Baijayant Panda Among Vice Presidents, Sambit Patra NE Coordinator



New Delhi, Aug 17 (GNS): In a major organisational reshuffle aimed at strengthening the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) ahead of key electoral battles, party president Nitin Nabin on Monday announced a new team of national office-bearers, elevating senior Odisha leader Baijayant Jay Panda as a national vice-president and appointing BJP national spokesperson Dr Sambit Patra as the party's North East coordinator.

The appointments, which take effect immediately, were announced through an official party

release. The rejig also saw former Rajasthan chief minister Vasundhara Raje, former Uttarakhand chief minister Tirath Singh Rawat and senior ideologue Ram Madhav being named national vice-presidents, while former Union minister Smriti Irani and former Tripura chief minister Biplab Kumar Deb were appointed national general secretaries. The overhaul is being seen as Nabin's first major organisational exercise after taking over as BJP president, with the new team reflecting a mix of experienced leaders,

former chief ministers, Union ministers and regional faces from across the country.

For Odisha, the elevation of Baijayant Jay Panda to the post of national vice-president is significant. A former MP and one of the BJP's prominent national faces from the state, Panda has been entrusted with a key leadership role in the party's central organisation. Dr Sambit Patra, another senior BJP leader from Odisha and one of the party's best-known national spokespersons, has been appointed North East coordinator.

CEC calls for familiarising students with electoral system

Patna, Aug 17 (GNS): Launching Electoral Literacy Clubs (ELC 2.0), Chief Election Commissioner Gyanesh Kumar on Monday underlined the need to familiarise students and young electors with India's electoral system, democratic values and the functioning of ECI. Speaking at a conference on the "Electoral Literacy Clubs and ECINet" held at Gyan Bhawan in Patna, CEC Gyanesh Kumar said that educational institutions can play a big role in strengthening trust in electoral processes, boosting electoral literacy and promoting informed democratic participation.

The CEC also shed light on how elections in India are held strictly as per the Constitution, law and instructions issued by



ECI and conducted transparently under the concurrent audit of political parties, candidates and their representatives at all stages.

He said there is a need to familiarise students and young electors with India's electoral system, democratic values, electoral registration, polling and counting processes, and the role and functioning of the ECI.

US welcomes India's defence contract for MQ-9B drone lease

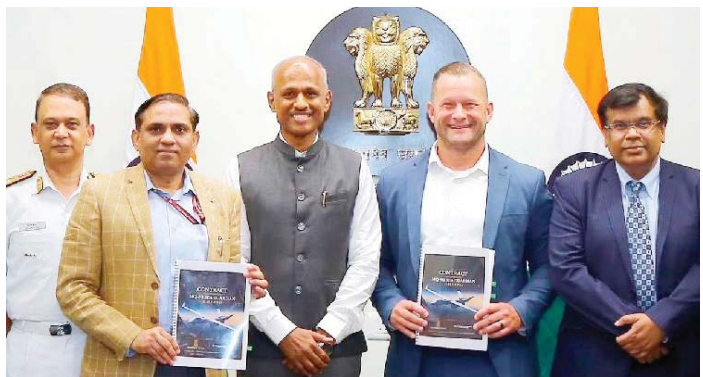
New Delhi, Aug 17 (GNS): The US Embassy in India on Monday said it welcomes the Ministry of Defence's contract with General Atomics Aeronautical Systems, Inc. (GA-ASI) to lease two MQ-9B Sea Guardian systems to the Indian Navy. "The United States welcomes the Ministry of Defence's contract with General Atomics for the lease of two MQ-9B Sea Guardian systems to the Indian Navy. This capability will enhance maritime domain awareness and persistent ISR coverage across the Indian Ocean Region, advancing our shared commitment to a free, open,

and secure Indo-Pacific. The Ministry of Defence on Monday announced that it has signed a contract with General Atomics Aeronautical Systems, Inc. (GA-ASI) to lease two MQ-9B Sea Guardian High-Altitude Long-Endurance (HALE) Remotely Piloted Aircraft Systems (RPAS) for the Indian Navy for 30 months. The contract, valued at approximately Rs 1,943 crore, was signed at Kartavya Bhawan-2 in New Delhi in the presence of Additional Secretary and Director General (Acquisition), Department of Defence, A. Anbarasu.

India signs Rs 1,943 crore contract for two MQ-9B sea guardians drones for Indian Navy

New Delhi, Aug 17 (GNS): The Ministry of Defence on Monday announced that it has signed a contract with General Atomics Aeronautical Systems, Inc. (GA-ASI) to lease two MQ-9B Sea Guardian High-Altitude Long-Endurance (HALE) Remotely Piloted Aircraft Systems (RPAS) for the Indian Navy for 30 months. The contract, valued at approximately Rs 1,943 crore, was signed at Kartavya Bhawan-2 in New Delhi in the presence of Additional Secretary and Director General (Acquisition), Department of Defence, A. Anbarasu.

"The MQ-9B Sea Guardian HALE RPAS, equipped with advanced systems, state-of-the-art sensors and sophisticated pay-



loads, will significantly enhance the Indian Navy's Maritime Domain Awareness capabilities," the ministry said. The induction of the MQ-9B Sea Guardian systems is expected to significantly strengthen the Indian Navy's Maritime Domain Awareness capabilities.

Equipped with advanced systems, sophisticated sensors and state-of-the-art payloads, the remotely piloted aircraft will provide persistent Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance (ISR) coverage across large stretches of the maritime domain.

Heartly CONGRATULATIONS

To

Mr Mohd Ather Raheem

You Have Been Appointed As

NATIONAL DEPUTY DIRECTOR (MCA)

Ministry Of Corporate Affairs
(Govt of India Registered Organisation)

Hope You Will Give Good Service To Poor And Needy People

& I Hope You Will Fight For Our Rights

& I Hope You Will Stand For Justice

& I Hope You Will Get Good Name in Society

Best Wishes From

Syed Abdul Kareem
Founder/ Director
RK PROTECTION OF LEGAL AND HUMAN RIGHTS ASSOCIATION

Listen to the voice

Nirupama Subramanian

WHILE India focused its eyes northwards, watching Prime Minister Narendra Modi demonstrate brotherly affection towards Presidents Xi Jinping and Vladimir Putin for the cameras at Tianjin in China, India's southern neighbour sent a quiet message to both New Delhi and Tamil Nadu.

Sri Lankan President Anura Kumara Dissanayake, on his fourth visit to Jaffna in the Northern Province within a year — a record of sorts in itself — made an unannounced trip in a naval speed boat to Katchatheevu, becoming the island-nation's first head of government to set foot on the barren island.

By doing so, President Dissanayake was clearly marking Sri Lankan territory. Katchatheevu is part of Sri Lanka. India accepted its neighbour's claim over this speck of land in the Palk Strait in 1974 with the "Agreement between Sri Lanka and India on the Boundary in Historic Waters between the two Countries and Related Matters" (this agreement then led to another in 1976, settling the maritime boundary between the two countries).

Nonetheless, Katchatheevu, located between Rameswaram and Jaffna, has been a recurring point of friction in India-Sri Lanka relations. Though it was never demarcated on any map of India, either in the colonial era or in the post-Independence period, Tamil Nadu politicians frequently



speak about "taking back" the uninhabited island to soothe frayed tempers and nerves in the fishing jetties in Rameswaram. At the heart of the problem is the conflict over scarce resources between the Tamil fishers on either side of the waters.

Simply put, unsustainable practices by Tamil Nadu fishers such as bottom trawling, purse seine and double net fishing have scraped up all but the dregs of marine resources on the Indian side of the Palk Strait. The Sri Lankan side, with more resources because Jaffna fishermen could not put out to sea due to the tough security restrictions during the 30-year civil war, seems more attractive. Near daily incursions by Indian fishermen into Sri Lankan waters sometimes end with their arrests by the Sri Lankan Navy, seizure of their boats and nets, and sometimes, even fatalities.

But instead of addressing the main challenge of

creating alternative livelihoods or diversifying fisheries, leaders in the state have propped up the illusion that Katchatheevu is the answer to all their problems.

Most recently, Tamil film actor Vijay, who has plunged into politics with a new party called the Tam-ilaga Vettri Kazhagam, has done his bit to perpetuate this myth. At a public rally in Madurai, by all accounts his biggest so far, he asked the government to "do just one small thing" for the state's fishermen: "reclaim this island so that our fishermen can be safe". Over the years, the Tamil Nadu government has adopted four resolutions demanding the 'return' of Katchatheevu. There are also cases before the Supreme Court asking the agreement to be struck down as "unconstitutional".

Prime Minister Modi and External Affairs Minister S Jaishankar added fuel to the fire during the 2024 Lok Sabha campaign with

remarks that the Congress "callously" gave away Katchatheevu to Sri Lanka.

But if taking back Katchatheevu could solve the problem of Tamil Nadu fishers, why do fishing boats from the state venture as far as the shores of peninsular Sri Lanka, and are spotted even farther away, on Sri Lanka's eastern coast?

For the record, Sri Lankan Foreign Minister Vijitha Herath, responding to Vijay's remarks, has categorically ruled out any change in the status of Katchatheevu. For good measure, he also flagged the election in Tamil Nadu — Assembly polls are due next year — and asked Sri Lankans not to pay attention to "speeches made from election platforms".

At home, Dissanayake's touchdown at Katchatheevu is sure to help his National People's Power (NPP) in its continuing public outreach in the predominantly Tamil Jaffna. A large section of Jaffna's people depend on

the sea for their livelihood. Among them a perception has taken hold that their Tamil brethren across the sea, who generously helped Tamil militant groups during the war, are now pitted against them. Visiting the island was certainly imaginative of Dissanayake to send home the message that he stands with Sri Lanka's Tamil fishermen. It could also reverse a perceptible sag in Dissanayake's image over the last few months. The NPP government, which came to power promising sweeping economic changes, and more immediately, changes to the punishing terms of the IMF agreement, has so far managed only a holding operation. The loss of political ground was evident in the local elections earlier this year.

The government has, however, been acting on its other promise, of going after corrupt politicians and officials in previous governments. Former President Ranil Wickremesinghe, was the most high-profile politician to be arrested. He has been accused of misusing public funds to attend a ceremony in honour of his wife, an academic, at a British university. As the head of the nearly non-existent United National Party, Wickremesinghe was an easy target. The arrest (he has been released on bail) could raise expectations among the JVP-NPP base of more high-profile arrests. But it would be tougher for the government to go after, say, a member of the Rajapaksa family.

Banning RMGs could end up like Bihar's prohibition. Poor will suffer most

Vedika Pandey

THE Promotion and Regulation of Online Gaming Bill 2025, passed by Parliament on Thursday, seeks to protect people from addiction, financial loss, and fraud, according to its preamble. It aims to do so by prohibiting online money games, also known as real money games or RMGs, where users deposit funds in the hope of winnings. A ban is offered as a silver bullet.

However, plenty of evidence suggests that bans do not stop people from accessing harmful products or activities. Instead, they tend to push consumers into informal, unregulated, and unsafe markets. Consumers are likely to be redirected to offshore betting and gambling services. There, they will encounter heightened risks of financial fraud and cybersecurity threats, and will lack access to any meaningful grievance redressal mechanisms. The gaming law also has significant economic consequences. Gaming businesses have created over 200,000 jobs and helped sustain the build-out of digital infrastructure. A blanket ban threatens to erode such gains.

The bill identifies real concerns such as the risk of addiction and financial loss, the prevalence of manipulative and fraudulent practices in the RMG market, and the use of digital networks for enabling financial crimes such as money laundering



and terror financing. Let us consider the efficacy of an outright ban against each of these issues, in turn.

Prohibition has repeatedly proven ineffective against addictive consumer behaviours. The nature of activities that lead to addiction is such that demand for them does not disappear when legal supply is cut off. Bihar's alcohol ban, much like the online gaming ban, was introduced in 2016 to curb behavioural issues such as addiction and domestic violence. Since then, at least 190 people have died from consuming illicit liquor in the state—and studies suggest that between 2013 and 2019, the plight of women suffering domestic violence, the supposed reason for enacting the ban, did not change.

The new law also states that the economically dis-

advantaged are most vulnerable to online gaming-related harms. Yet blanket bans have consistently hurt these groups the most. Wealthier households continue to access banned products such as e-cigarettes and vapes through private networks, while poorer households rarely find safe substitutes and are instead exposed to dangerous, unregulated alternatives. This same dynamic, where the poor and disadvantaged suffer the consequences of well-meaning legislative action, will likely apply to RMGs. These users also tend to have lower levels of digital literacy and, as seen in Telangana, are more likely to be driven toward fraudulent sites with no safeguards—where the risks of fraud, data theft, predatory lending, and unchecked gambling losses are far

higher. South Korea's "Cinderella Law" banned under-16s from online games after midnight. The measure was rolled back a decade later, when policymakers realised that young users had simply migrated to unregulated platforms. The revised approach was to require greater parental controls, awareness campaigns, and moderation requirements.

The new law also cites the use of manipulative design features (like bots) which undermine platform fairness, and can even enable money laundering. But prohibition hands the entire market to offshore operators on a platter. The United States offers a cautionary tale. After the 2006 Unlawful Internet Gambling Enforcement Act barred payment providers from servicing gambling sites, legitimate

operators exited the market. Americans turned to foreign banks and offshore platforms, heightening risks around fraud and money laundering.

By contrast, domestic gaming services, in a quest to seek legitimacy from the state, have voluntarily adopted industry codes of conduct, mandating measures such as platform integrity and anti-money laundering practices like robust Know Your Customer protocols. While such standards are not adopted uniformly in all segments of the RMG industry, they are a starting point for meaningful self-regulation and standard-setting, which can ensure greater accountability and transparency in any industry. Pushing consumers away from entities that were voluntarily walking this path makes little sense.

A colonial strategy that still haunts us

Sarsanghchalak (PP) Mohan Bhagwat recently reminded us that "living in harmony is our culture"—asserting that despite centuries of diversity, the people of undivided India have shared the same DNA for over 40,000 years. In his address, he reminded the nation that India's strength has always been in its unity, when Indians stand together, no power can defeat us; when divided, even small challenges overwhelm us. This timeless truth was well understood by those who sought to rule India. Ever since the British set foot on Indian soil, they discovered one truth that helped them govern a vast and diverse land with a small foreign elite. India could not be conquered by force alone, but it could be controlled by division. What started as a commercial enterprise of the East India Company soon became an empire built on fracturing Indian society along caste, religion, language and region. The Revolt of 1857 shook the foundations of British rule in India. What unnerved the colonial masters most was not just the scale of the uprising but the unity it revealed. Hindus, Muslims and different jatis fighting shoulder to shoulder against a common oppressor. Bahadur Shah Zafar, a Muslim emperor, became the symbolic head, while leaders like Rani Lakshmi Bai, Nana Saheb and Tantia Tope rallied Hindu forces. For the British, this was a nightmare: a united India rising in defiance.

Determined never to face such unity again, the colonial state perfected its strategy of divide and rule, using censuses to harden caste lines, introducing separate electorates to pit communities against each other and playing language and region as tools of division. The lesson they drew from 1857 was clear: Indians together were unbreakable, but divided, they could be ruled.

The Partition of Bengal in 1905 was one of the first deliberate attempts, splitting a thriving province along religious lines to weaken nationalist unity. The Morley-Minto Reforms of 1909 institutionalized communal politics by granting separate electorates to Muslims and others, ensuring that Indians no longer voted as one people but as fragmented communities. The 1932 Communal Award, which extended separate electorates even to depressed class, almost cemented divisions within Hindu society until the Poona Pact tried to salvage unity. Even the colonial census, starting in 1871, turned India's fluid and overlapping caste identities into rigid, politicized categories-laying the seeds of caste-based mobilization that continue to this day.

The British actively encouraged communal divisions by supporting the formation of the All India Muslim League in 1906, presenting it as the sole representative body of Muslims, even though the Indian National Congress already included leaders from all communities. By promoting the League and granting it separate political weight, the British deepened Hindu-Muslim divides and institutionalized communal politics, which later became a major factor in the partition of India.

The British perfected the art of "divide and rule" after 1857, kept Indians fighting amongst themselves so they would never unite against the empire. And it worked, for nearly two centuries. Let me share another striking example of Sylhet, a Hindu-equal majority district in Assam before Partition. In the crucial 1947 Sylhet referendum, where people had to decide whether to remain with Assam or join East Bengal (Pakistan), Dalit votes became decisive. Jogendra Nath Mandal, a prominent Dalit leader during Partition, believed that Dalits might have a better future in Pakistan since, unlike caste Hindus, Muslims did not practice untouchability. Convinced by Jinnah, he allied with the Muslim League and urged Dalits to support Pakistan. Mandal, believed Muhammad Ali Jinnah's promise that Dalits would find greater dignity in Pakistan than in "upper-caste Hindu-dominated" India. On Jinnah's instructions, Mandal campaigned among Dalits, many of whom voted for Pakistan. Despite its Hindu majority, intense campaigning and communal divisions led to a narrow vote in favour of Pakistan. Families were uprooted, a vibrant culture was scattered, and Assam lost an integral part of its geography. As a reward, Jinnah appointed him Pakistan's first Law and Labour Minister.

However, Mandal's hopes of Dalit-Muslim unity soon collapsed. By 1950, Mandal's dreams of Dalit-Muslim brotherhood were shattered. He realised, a little too late perhaps, that in the newly formed Pakistan, it did not matter if you were a Dalit or a caste Hindu. Being Hindu was enough to get you harmed, raped, killed or forcibly converted. Mandal's pleas for the protection of his people fell on deaf ears. By 1950, Hindus in East Pakistan, including Dalits, faced persecution, violence, forced conversions and mass killings. Realising the betrayal, Mandal resigned and wrote a scathing letter to Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan, warning that Hindus in Pakistan would either be forced to convert or exterminated. Disillusioned, he returned to India, broken by the fate of the very people he had asked to trust Pakistan. These episodes weren't accidents but strategic manipulations, engineered to splinter communities and curb unity and also indicates how leaders and communities misled by short-term promises ended up victims of the same divide-and-rule strategy.

Fast forward to today, and disturbingly, echoes of this colonial script have been seen resurfacing, not from imperial masters this time but from domestic political actors and their global allies who are unnerved by India's growing unity and strength. Since 2014, under Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the BJP has steadily consolidated electoral dominance, winning a majority in 2014, expanding it in 2019 with 303 Lok Sabha seats, and securing a rare third term in 2024. For opposition parties at home and certain international groups, this has been deeply frustrating. When a direct electoral challenge failed, the focus shifted, if Modi cannot be dismantled in a straight fight, then Hindu unity itself must be weakened.

This is where the colonial playbook resurfaces in full force. The sudden push for a caste census, not as a genuine welfare instrument but as a tool to fracture Hindu society, echoes the British-era divide-and-rule strategy. The pattern does not stop at politics; it extends into academia and activism. In 2021, the "Dismantling Global Hindutva" conference, hosted by Western universities, openly discussed strategies to "contain" Hindutva. Western foundations, such as the Henry Luce Foundation, have funded projects that portray Hindu nationalism as a global threat, adding intellectual weight to divisive narratives. In India, remarks like Tamil Nadu minister Udhayanidhi Stalin's call to "eradicate Sanatana Dharma" in 2023 further deepened religious fault lines. On campuses, slogans such as "Bharat tere tukde honge, Insha Allah, Insha Allah," once heard at JNU, echoed the same rhetoric that colonial rulers would have cheered.

Even policy debates have been twisted, whether around the NRC or CAA, where genuine concerns of citizenship have often been overshadowed by fear-mongering and deliberate distortions. Regional tensions, too, are repeatedly stoked, claims that the "south subsidizes the north," resentment toward migrant workers in Telangana or language disputes in Maharashtra. None of these are random, they mirror exactly the methods used by the British, exaggerating divisions, inflaming insecurities and preventing a united national voice.

The danger is clear, many politicians, willingly or otherwise, are playing into this old colonial experiment. They may hope for short-term political advantage, but the long-term cost is far greater, the weakening of India's unity. The caste divide weakened India's social fabric by eroding unity and collective strength. It fuelled mistrust among communities, stifled social mobility and restricted opportunities for large sections of society. Politically, it was exploited by colonial powers and later by vote-bank politics, deepening divisions instead of fostering inclusivity. Economically, it curtailed talent and productivity by confining individuals to rigid roles. Above all, it distracted the nation from larger goals of freedom, progress and nation-building. Perhaps, history reminds us that unity is India's greatest strength, the same strength that shook the British Empire in 1857 and is powering India's rise in the 21st century.

India fastest-growing major economy, leading global efforts on climate action: Yadav

New Delhi, Aug 17 (GNS): India has emerged as the fastest-growing major economy, and is also leading global efforts on climate action, said Bhupender Yadav, Union Minister for Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Speaking at the 20th Global Sustainability Summit, organised by the CII-ITC Centre of Excellence for Sustainable Development, Yadav described India's journey towards resilient, regenerative, and responsible growth.

"India has emerged as the fastest-growing major economy while also leading global efforts on climate action," Yadav said. "India is the only country that has successfully adapted sustainable growth across the policy landscape through targeted scheme implementation, infrastructure investment, local commitment, and tangible achievements on multilateral commitments," he added.

Addressing global delegates in New Delhi, Yadav underlined that India's model of development is deeply rooted in balancing economic progress with ecological stewardship. "By embracing Resilience, Regeneration and Responsibility, let us chart a course towards a more sustainable world," he said. The Minister highlighted that the prevailing global trade tensions, policy uncertainties, geopolitical conflicts, and barriers to global financial investments by major economies collectively create a fragile environment.

"Make sustainability foundational to growth by embracing economy-wide solutions that encompass circular economy models, nature positive actions, green manufacturing, and advancing behaviour change for responsible practices," he said. The Minister urged the world to embrace India's values for 'sustain-

able growth', and to focus on a collective global strategy to tackle climate change. "India's policy roadmap and growth model exemplify how nations can harmonise economic growth with sustainability to cultivate resilient, low-carbon development pathways. This integrated approach provides valuable lessons for countries in the Global South seeking sustainable, inclusive, and realistic growth models. Developed economies experiencing growth stagnation can undergo a transformative recalibration of their development paradigms and shift focus to sustainability, social equity, and enduring resilience," said Yadav.

The Minister concluded with a call to industry and global stakeholders to join hands in this transformative journey. "Industry must transcend conventional goals and weave sustainability seamlessly into its corpo-

rate policy by aligning with national aspirations for resilience and inclusion," he said. Yadav highlighted that the recently issued critical notifications with the aim of building a sustainable future, such as the Environment Audit Rules, 2025; a revised methodology for the Green Credit Programme; and amending the Forest (Conservation and Augmentation) Rules, 2023.

A clear testament of India's sustainable development commitment, Shri Yadav stated, is the significant progress it has made towards fulfilling NDCs under the Paris Agreement. He also pointed to India's progress in expanding forest cover, launching innovative campaigns like 'Mission LIFE', 'Ek Ped Maa Ke Naam', enhancing carbon sinks, and advancing circular economy practices, among others. Yadav said India's sustainability efforts are being strengthened

through coordinated action by the government, industry and local communities. He stressed that sustainable development must become an integral part of economic planning rather than being treated as a separate objective. He said India's experience demonstrates that climate action and economic development can progress together through investments in clean technologies, resource efficiency and resilient infrastructure. He called for greater adoption of green solutions across sectors to reduce environmental pressures.

The Minister also emphasised the importance of circular economy practices, urging industries to reduce waste, improve resource recovery and promote efficient use of raw materials. He said responsible consumption and behavioural changes among citizens would be crucial to achieving long-term sustainability goals.

India aims to raise share of gas in energy mix to 15 pc by 2030: Puri

New Delhi, Aug 17 (GNS): India aims to raise the share of gas in its energy mix to 15 per cent by 2030 from about six per cent at present to cut its carbon footprint, Union Minister for Petroleum and Natural Gas, Hardeep Singh Puri, said on Tuesday.

In a post on social media platform X, the minister said India will have 49 more LNG dispensing stations by December, in addition to 13 running currently. India is currently the world's fourth-largest gas importer with eight LNG terminals comprising a combined capacity of 52.7 million tonnes a year. "By 2030, 10 terminals, 66.7 MMTPA; 13 LNG dispensing stations now, 49 more coming up," Puri posted. "Under Prime Minister Narendra Modi's leadership, LNG is India's bridge to a greener, secure future," he added.

Meanwhile, at the 9th brainstorming session in Goa on 'Challenges of the

Indian Oil and Gas Sector' with ministry officials and captains of India's energy sector, the minister discussed seismic data acquisition and processing efficiency with a detailed analysis on the capability of manpower, availability of latest technology, equipment and workstations, etc.

He also deliberated upon the status of stratigraphic well drilling, along with deliberations on offshore drilling cost and drilling well location release process, learning from global energy majors and, more importantly, continuing to boost the 'Make in India' component in India's rapidly expanding energy sector by discussing ways to develop India as the manufacturing hub for E&P machinery and components.

"We also discussed ways to take forward the shipbuilding potential of our Indian shipyards for developing LNG and LPG carriers,

and crude carriers, including VLCCs," Puri said.

Last month, India sourced more liquefied natural gas (LNG) from the United Arab Emirates with public sector oil giant Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited (HPCL), signing a 10-year supply agreement with state-owned ADNOC Gas as part of the deepening energy partnership between the two countries.

The government is also focusing on expanding the country's gas infrastructure to support wider adoption of natural gas across industries, transport and other sectors. The planned increase in LNG dispensing stations is expected to improve access to cleaner fuel options. Puri said strengthening domestic capabilities in exploration and production would remain a key priority. Better seismic data processing, modern equipment and skilled.

India, UAE eye \$100 billion non-oil bilateral trade target

New Delhi, Aug 17 (GNS): India and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) have agreed to strengthen their Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement with a target of \$100 billion for non-oil bilateral trade amid changing dynamics in world trade triggered by the sharp hike in US tariffs announced by US President Donald Trump.

The issue was discussed at a meeting held by Union Minister of Commerce & Industry Piyush Goyal, with the UAE's Minister of Foreign Trade, Thani bin Ahmed Al Zeyoudi, last week on further deepening the India-UAE Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement (CEPA), according to an official statement issued on Monday.

The ministers reviewed the progress made under the CEPA and reaffirmed the shared vision of expanding bilateral trade towards the target of \$100 billion non-oil, non-precious metals trade by 2030. Discussions included collaboration in emerging sectors such as renewable energy, digital infrastructure, supply chain resilience, and healthcare.

Both ministers emphasised the importance of working closely in the current global scenario to strengthen the bilateral economic partnership. Goyal highlighted the resilience and inherent strengths of the Indian economy, which have enabled it to surge ahead during challenging times. The ministers agreed on the importance of working with diverse partners for mutual benefit.

Both sides underlined the need for timely trade data sharing for better monitoring under the CEPA and agreed that the Sub-Committee on Services will convene within two months. The Indian side welcomed the formation of the Emirates Drug Establishment and its role in addressing concerns of Indian pharmaceutical companies. On market access and regulatory issues, both ministers agreed to take up matters for early resolution in the CEPA Joint Committee.

Goyal welcomed the UAE's growing investments in India's infrastructure, logistics, and food processing sectors, and appreciated Dr Thani's leadership in advancing multilateral trade cooperation. The ministers noted the importance of initiatives such as the Local Currency Settlement System (INR-AED) and Bharat Mart in the UAE as enablers of trade facilitation. The meeting underscored the India-UAE partnership as a defining alliance of the 21st century, rooted in innovation, sustainability, and shared prosperity.

The two ministers also co-chaired stakeholder meetings with representatives of the pharmaceutical and food sectors. In the pharma sector, key issues were discussed in light of evolving geopolitical challenges.

Both sides exchanged views on ways to further facilitate trade in pharmaceuticals and healthcare products. The UAE side conveyed a positive outlook on expediting registration processes and regulatory facilitation, while the Indian side highlighted its openness and readiness for inspections and audits by UAE authorities. Discussions also focused on emerging opportunities in traditional medicine, with special emphasis on ayurvedic products under the India-UAE partnership.

In the food sector, the APEDA launched the Bharati Scheme to incubate food and agritech start-ups, under which more than 100 companies will be supported to build and scale brands and forge business-to-business tie-ups. The APEDA also signed an MoU with DWTC to have India as the partner country in the 2026 edition of Gulf Food, Dubai. Over 1200 sqm of exhibition space will be allocated to Indian companies in the food, marine, tea, coffee and spices segments. The UAE side addressed concerns of the Indian food and beverages industry, including issues relating to high retail prices.

Scindia Calls for Regulators to Build Inclusive Digital Ecosystems

New Delhi, Aug 17 (GNS): Union Minister of Communications Jyotiraditya M. Scindia on Monday positioned India as a global model of regulatory transformation, urging regulators across the world to evolve from being mere gatekeepers to becoming builders of inclusive digital ecosystems.

He was delivering a virtual address at the International Telecommunication Union's Global Symposium for Regulators (GSR) 2025, being hosted in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia. Speaking at the high-level Executive Roundtable on the theme "What does it take for regulators to become digital ecosystem builders?," Scindia said regulation in the digital era must go beyond issuing licenses or penalties.

"Instead, it should focus on vision, trust, and inclusive innovation to shape future-ready societies," he noted. He explained that the role of regulators should now rest on three key dimensions -- proactive ecosystem design, fostering innovation through regulatory sandboxes, and embedding trust through citizen-centric policies and strong data protection standards.

"If we succeed, we will not merely connect people -- we will empower them. We will not just build networks -- we will build nations," he remarked. Highlighting India's own journey, the Minister said the country's rapid 5G rollout has connected 99.9 per cent of districts, covering 776 districts and reaching over 300 million users -- making India the world's largest data-consuming nation per capita.

Policy reforms such as the Telecommunications Act, 2023 and the Telecom Cybersecurity Rules, 2024, he noted, have replaced outdated colonial-era frameworks with a legal

structure suited for the AI and quantum age. Scindia also pointed to flagship Indian initiatives such as Aadhaar, Jan Dhan Yojana, PM-WANI, BharatNet and India Post as examples of how regulation can seed and scale digital public infrastructure. He described them as "living arteries of empowerment," connecting citizens with dignity and opportunity. He further called for global co-operation to harmonize spectrum bands, reduce costs, and ensure disaster-resilient green networks. Proposing a Digital Consumer Charter, Scindia said it could serve as a global benchmark to guarantee fairness, transparency and trust in the digital domain.

The Minister also underlined India's balanced approach to Artificial Intelligence. He said the IndiaAI Mission, launched in 2024 with a budget of Rs 10,371.92 crore. De-

scribing GSR as a "beacon of international cooperation," Scindia said India is not only the world's largest digital society but also an emerging thought leader in regulatory innovation. He concluded that regulation in the 21st century must be about shaping inclusive digital futures for societies across the globe.

Union Minister for Communications Jyotiraditya M. Scindia said regulators must keep pace with rapid technological changes and create frameworks that encourage innovation while protecting citizens. He stressed that digital regulation should enable wider participation and ensure that emerging technologies benefit all sections of society.

Scindia highlighted the importance of regulatory sandboxes as a tool to allow innovators to test new technologies in controlled environments. Such mechanisms, he said, can

Coal production from commercial mines jumps 11.9 pc in April-August

New Delhi, Aug 17 (GNS): Coal production from India's captive and commercial mines during April to August of the financial year 2025-26 has recorded a robust 11.88 per cent growth over the same period of the previous year, while dispatches of coal from mines have risen by 9.12 per cent during these five months.

These positive trends indicate enhanced operational efficiency and more effective utilisation of mining capacity across the sector, according to a statement issued by the Ministry of Coal.

Coal production during August this year was recorded at 14.43 million tonnes (MT), while dispatches reached 15.07 million tonnes (MT). The increase in coal production ensures a reliable supply of coal to key industries such as power generation, steel manufacturing, and cement production, thereby reinforcing the backbone of India's industrial infrastructure.

The Ministry attributes the sector's improved performance to a series of strategic policy measures, rigorous monitoring, and consistent support to stakeholders. These efforts have played a crucial role in accelerating operational approvals and expanding production capabilities, thereby driving overall growth in coal output and dispatches, the statement said.

The Ministry of Coal has achieved a historic milestone, as part of the economic reforms to introduce commercial mining, with the allocation of over 200 coal mines, underscoring the drive to transform India's coal sector. Over the past several years, the Ministry has ushered in a suite of transformative reforms, from the advent of commercial coal mining and the rollout of a single-window clearance system, to the adoption of digital monitoring and governance tools.

Top US and Indian investors form \$1 billion alliance to back India's deep tech startups

New Delhi, Aug 17 (GNS): Eight leading US and Indian venture capital and private equity firms came together on Tuesday to create \$1 billion alliance over the next decade to support Indian deep tech startups.

The group 'India Deep Tech Investment Alliance', includes Accel, Blume Ventures, Celesta Capital, Gaja Capital, Ideaspring Capital, Premji Invest, Tenacity Ventures, and Venture Catalysts, according to TechCrunch report.

Announcing the launch of the alliance, they said that their goal is to channel long-term private capital into advanced technology ventures while strengthening US-India technology ties. Deep tech startups in India have long struggled to raise capital, with most investors focusing instead on consumer internet and delivery businesses. The new alliance aims to address that

funding gap. What makes the move unusual is that investors, who normally compete for deals, are formally joining forces under one umbrella with a shared commitment. Each firm will invest private capital over a five- to ten-year period, focusing on Indian-domiciled deep tech startups to align with the government's new Research, Development, and Innovation (RDI) scheme, which offers incentives only to locally incorporated companies, as per the report. Alongside funding, the alliance members will also provide mentorship, networking, and support to help startups expand globally and into the Indian market.

Celesta Capital managing partner Arun Kumar will serve as the inaugural chair of the alliance.

"This is in line with the strategic interests of both India and the US, focusing

on critical and emerging technologies," Kumar was quoted by TechCrunch.

The alliance comes at a time when geopolitical tensions between India and the US are running high. Despite the launch of the TRUST (Transforming the Relationship Utilising Strategic Technology) initiative earlier this year, relations have been strained by President Donald Trump's decision to impose a 50 per cent tariff on Indian goods.

Even so, investors believe India remains a promising hub for foundational technologies such as semiconductors, AI, space, quantum computing, robotics, biotech, and climate tech. Celesta Capital, an early investor in Indian startups such as space-tech venture Agnikul and drone maker IdeaForge, spearheaded the effort after consultations with the government and industry.

I-T Department Raids 18 Locations in Jaipur, Kota Over Suspected Tax Evasion

Jaipur, Aug 17 (GNS): The Income Tax Department launched a major raid on Tuesday, conducting simultaneous searches at 18 locations linked to real estate and pan masala businesses in Jaipur and Kota. Nearly 150 officers and staff were deployed in this large-scale operation. According to officials, the action was triggered by complaints of tax evasion, large cash transactions, undeclared income, and use of fake documents.

Investigators suspect that the raids could uncover huge amounts of cash, benami properties, and hidden assets, said sources.

Groups under the scanner of the I-T include High Fly Real Estate Group (Jaipur), whose eight locations were being raided. The group is suspected of large-scale cash dealings in property transactions and black money use. More details about the raid were awaited. Besides the real estate

group, the Income Tax officers were raiding three locations linked to the Siddheshwar Gums (Signature Pan Masala, Kota). The company reportedly faces charges of irregular financial records and tax evasion. The raid was also being carried out at six locations of the Gokul Kripa Group (BRB Developers, Jaipur). Allegations include undeclared income and suspicious property transactions. Raids began in the morning and are likely to continue till late at night, sources said. Teams were scanning documents, computer systems, and digital records at all locations, the sources added.

Sources hinted at the possibility of large recoveries of cash and incriminating documents. Officials revealed that these groups had been under the department's radar for months. In particular, the real estate sector was flagged for be-

namis deals, black money transactions, and complex financial layering to conceal undeclared wealth.

The Income Tax Department has not released an official statement so far. Details of seizures and findings are expected once the searches conclude.

Meanwhile, the raids have created panic among business circles in Jaipur and Kota, especially those linked to the targeted groups. Officials are examining financial records, property documents, account books and other material gathered during the searches to determine the extent of alleged tax irregularities. Digital devices and electronic records are also being scrutinised as part of the investigation. The department is expected to compare the information found during the searches with income-tax returns, property registrations, banking transactions.

Revenue Minister vows to resolve section 22A land issues by month-end

Hyderabad, Aug 17 (GNS): If private land ownership is legitimate, we will not allow Section 22A to create any obstacles—not even for a single square yard. However, we will not permit the alienation of government land. A high-level committee has been formed to resolve issues related to prohibited lands.

This people's government, led by Honorable Chief Minister Revanth Reddy, remains accountable to the public.

Today, a comprehensive review meeting was held at the Secretariat regarding the issue of prohibited lands (Section 22A). The meeting was attended by D.S. Lokesh Kumar (Principal Secretary, Revenue Department), Rajiv Gandhi Hanumanth (IG, Stamps & Registration), and



District Collectors, Additional Collectors, RDOs, and Sub-Registrars from Ranga Reddy, Medchal-Malkajgiri, Sangareddy, and Hyderabad districts. Discussions focused on the problems arising from Section 22A, ways to resolve them, and instructions to officials on preventing future complications.

It was made clear that the harassment of common citizens by using Section 22A as a bogeyman will not be tolerated. Officials were ordered

to examine every application related to Section 22A and resolve them by the end of this month. No one has the authority to harass the general public. Practices such as making people run from pillar to post, causing deliberate delays, or turning minor issues into major problems will no longer be tolerated. Resolving the public's grievances is your responsibility as officials.

Government lands and assets must be protected

while ensuring justice for legitimate landowners. The government will view any negligence regarding either of these aspects very seriously. People should not be turned away simply because their land falls under the '22A' category. A decision must be reached after a comprehensive review of why the land was placed on the prohibited list, what the relevant records indicate, and the actual ground reality.

So far, a total of 757 com-

plaints regarding 22A-listed lands have been received. The government has already made relevant records—such as Government Orders (GOs), official memos, land acquisition proceedings, and layout approvals related to land regularization—available online.

Access to 'Pahani' (land records) has also been provided to Sub-Registrars. Officials must examine the records, promptly resolve genuine cases, and complete the registration process. To facilitate this, the number of booking slots should be increased if necessary, and office working hours extended.

In cases where registration cannot be processed, the public must be informed of the specific reasons.

SIR-2026: Telangana Collects 78.3% Enumeration Forms



Hyderabad, Aug 17 (GNS): Telangana State Chief Electoral Officer (CEO) Sri C. Sudarshan Reddy, IAS, held a meeting with representatives of recognized political parties on August 17, 2026. Additional Chief Electoral Officer Dr. Vasam Venkateswar Reddy, IAS; Additional Secretary to Government and MNO Sri N. Shankar; Deputy CEO (FAC) Sri G.S. Chari; PM (IT) Nodal Officers; and other relevant officials from the Telangana CEO's office participated in the meeting.

During the meeting, CEO Sri C. Sudarshan Reddy, IAS, announced the successful completion of the Enumeration Phase—conducted from June 25, 2026, to August 10, 2026, as part of SIR-2026—and briefed

the political party representatives on key details. He stated that 2.65 crore Enumeration Forms (EFs) were collected from electors, representing 78.30 percent of the total electorate. Details regarding deceased electors, those who had permanently migrated, unavailable or absent electors, individuals in other categories, and electors registered in voter lists across multiple locations were also disclosed during the meeting.

The CEO further apprised the political party representatives of the arrangements made for the publication of the Draft Electoral Roll in the state and the 'Claims and Objections' phase, which is scheduled to take place from August 17, 2026, to September 16, 2026. Full

details regarding the SIR process were presented via a PowerPoint presentation; questions raised by representatives of various parties were answered, and the suggestions offered by them were acknowledged for further consideration.

Subsequently, the draft electoral rolls were handed over to the representatives of recognized political parties via hard disk. The CEO urged all recognized political parties to actively participate in the scrutiny of the draft electoral rolls and the process of filing claims and objections. He appealed for everyone's cooperation to ensure that no eligible voter is left out of the electoral roll, thereby making the list accurate, comprehensive, transparent, and error-free.

Patriotic Fervour Marks I-Day at Baser Railway Outpost

Falaknuma News
State Correspondent
M.A.Samad
Baser, Nizamabad Aug17
The 80th Independence Day was celebrated with patriotic spirit and enthusiasm at the Baser Railway Outpost, functioning under Nizamabad Railway Station.

Mohammed Mehboob, Railway Assistant Sub-Inspector of Police, hoisted the National Flag at the outpost on the occasion. The ceremony witnessed the participation of railway police personnel, railway staff, Government school teachers and students, and residents from the surrounding area.

After the flag hoisting, Mohammed Mehboob conveyed Independence Day greetings to all those present and distributed sweets among the police personnel, railway employ-



ees, teachers, students and members of the public. The celebrations created a festive atmosphere and highlighted the spirit of patriotism and national unity.

Speaking on the occasion, the participants remembered the sacrifices of the freedom fighters who laid down their lives for the country's freedom and emphasised the importance of preserving the values of unity, discipline and national integrity.

Employment for 2 lakh people with Zaheerabad Industrial Smart City

Hyderabad, Aug 17 (GNS): IT and Industries Minister Duddilla Sridhar Babu said that all the development works of Zaheerabad Industrial Smart City will be completed by 2028 March. He said that the industrialist who is being developed in 3,245 acres is aiming to get an investment of Rs. 15 thousand crores. Union Finance Minister Nirmala Sitaraman, Commerce and Industries Minister Piyush Goyal on Monday participated in the video conference of the National Industrial Corridor Development and Implementation Trust (NICDIT) from New Delhi.

Chief ministers of various states, ministers of industries have participated in this video conference. Sridhar Babu explained that if the full-fledged operations of Zaheerabad Smart City will provide employment opportunities directly and



indirectly to two lakh people. While the state government has 51% share in the form of land in this smart city, the central government is providing funds for the development works.

Sridhar Babu said that development plan has already been handed over to Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV). Sridhar Babu revealed that the works being done in the engineering, procurement and construction (EPC) method will be completed on the pre-stipulated time. The process of tenders for water supply

works has been completed. It was explained that electricity supply works will also be completed within the deadline.

Minister Piyush Goel has been requested to allot four houses out of 100 plug and play industrial parks announced by the central government under Bhavya (Bharat Audyogik Vikas Yojna) scheme. TGIC MD Sasanka, Industries Department Special Secretary Krishna Aditya, Industries Commissioner Nikhil Chakravarti and others participated in the video conference.

Minister Vivek Launches Special Job Portal, Announces 4 PM-SETU Skill Clusters for TC

Hyderabad, Aug 17 (GNS): Dr. G. Vivek Venkatswamy, Minister for Labour, Employment, Training & Factories and Mines, stated that the government's objectives include providing skill training to youth, ensuring financial self-reliance for women, improving educational facilities for students, and making skilled human resources available for the industrial sector. The Minister inaugu-



rated a special job portal at Shantha Biotechnics in Muppireddypally, Manoharabad Mandal, Medak district. This initiative was established

through a partnership involving the Medak District Collector, the local administration, and ITDC. He noted that this is the first portal of

its kind in the country.

He mentioned that there are approximately 1,000 industries in the Muppireddypally industrial area and

emphasized the need to provide skilled human resources to meet their requirements. He stated that identifying the specific skills required by industries and training youth accordingly would boost both employment opportunities and industrial productivity. The Minister added that the curricula for ITI and Polytechnic courses are being revised to align with the needs of the industries.

Collector Priyanka Launches Prajavani in Narayanpet

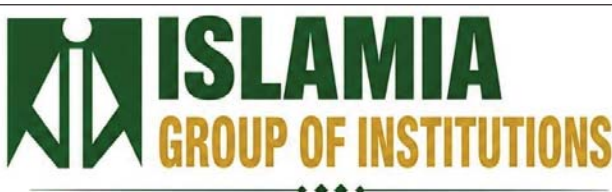
Hyderabad, Aug 17 (GNS): Mandal-level Prajavani programmes commenced across Narayanpet district on Monday, following the State Government's decision to conduct Prajavani at all MPDO offices across the State. As part of the initiative, District Collector Priyanka formally inaugurated the Mandal-level Prajavani programme at the Narayanpet MPDO office.

The Collector received petitions and representations from the public and directed officials to examine the issues and take prompt action to resolve them. She instructed officials to ensure that the Mandal-level Prajavani programme is conducted effectively and remains eas-

ily accessible to the people.

The Collector also reviewed the details of applications received for new pensions at the MPDO office and sought information from the computer operator regarding their status. She directed the concerned officials to maintain transparency in all office operations and ensure efficient delivery of public services.

Tahsildar Amarendra Krishna, MPDO Vijayalakshmi, MEO Balaji, along with officials and staff from various departments, participated in the programme. The Collector said the Mandal-level Prajavani would provide citizens with a convenient platform to bring their grievances directly to the administration.



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